

# Best practice for implementation of SFN DAB+ networks

Norway

Jonas Jacobsson, Norkring

1. Network Topology
2. Low Power/Low Cost Transmitter Concept
3. Service Following
4. Adjacent Channel Interference

# Network Topology

# High Power/High Tower Structure

- Provides large area/road coverage
- SFN coexistence with low power/low tower
  - Sync / Static Delay / 0 $\mu$ s Reference
  - Long-distance interference
  - Local low-power transmitters
  - Topography / Terrain Limited Coverage

## Medium Power/Urban Coverage

- Indoor coverage for cities and small towns



## Low Power / Rural Coverage

- Indoor coverage for small villages
- Roads
- 99,5% Population Coverage



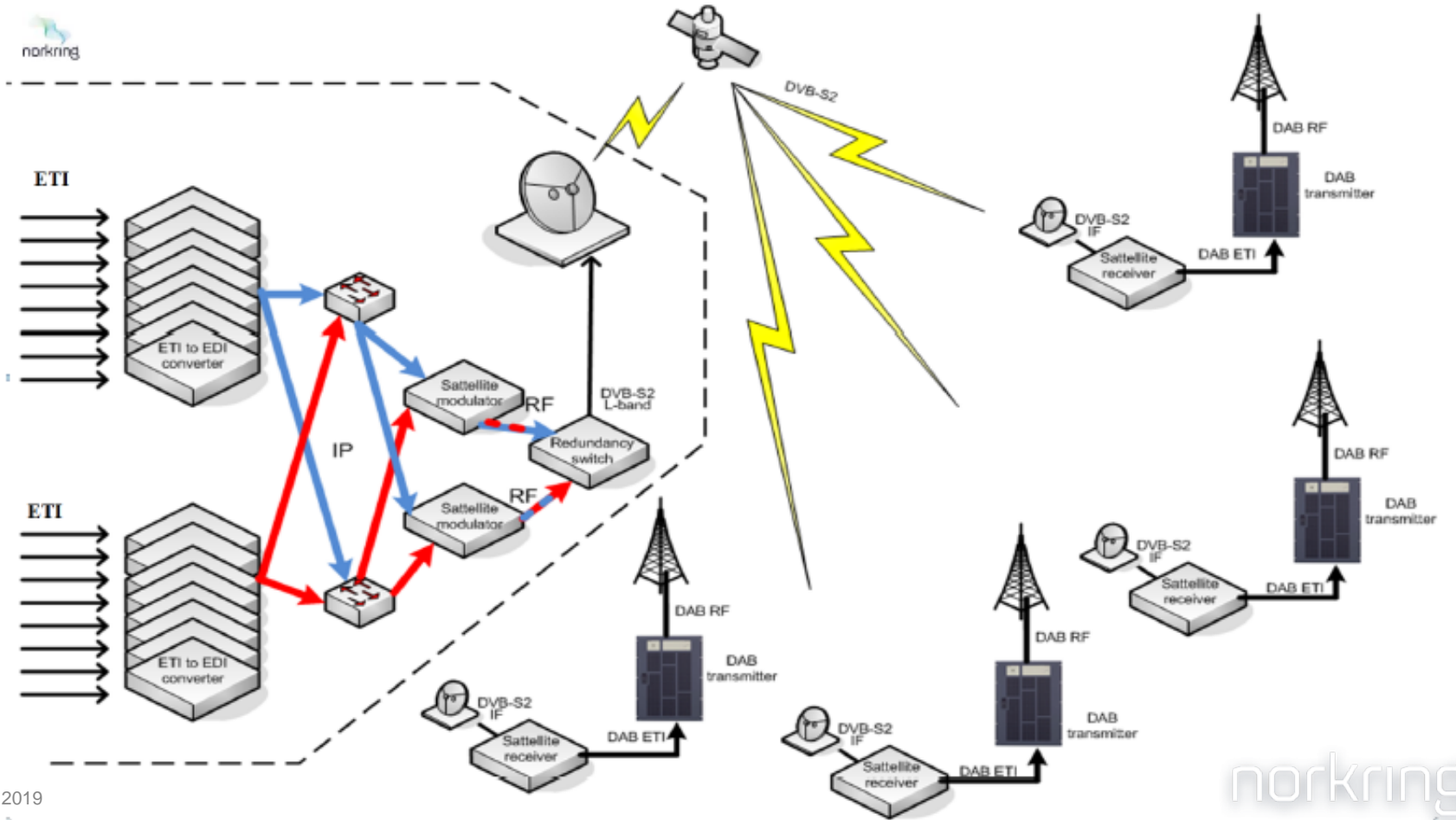
# Low Power/Low Cost Transmitter Concept

## Programme Feed is the main challenge for Cost Optimization in sparsely populated areas

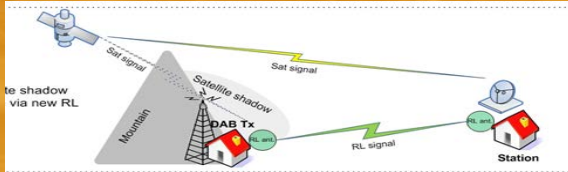
- Micro Wave/Fiber Backhaul
- On-Channel Gapfillers
- Transposers
- Satellite Feed



# Satellite Feed



## Satellite and Microwave



## Existing Microwave



## Satellite

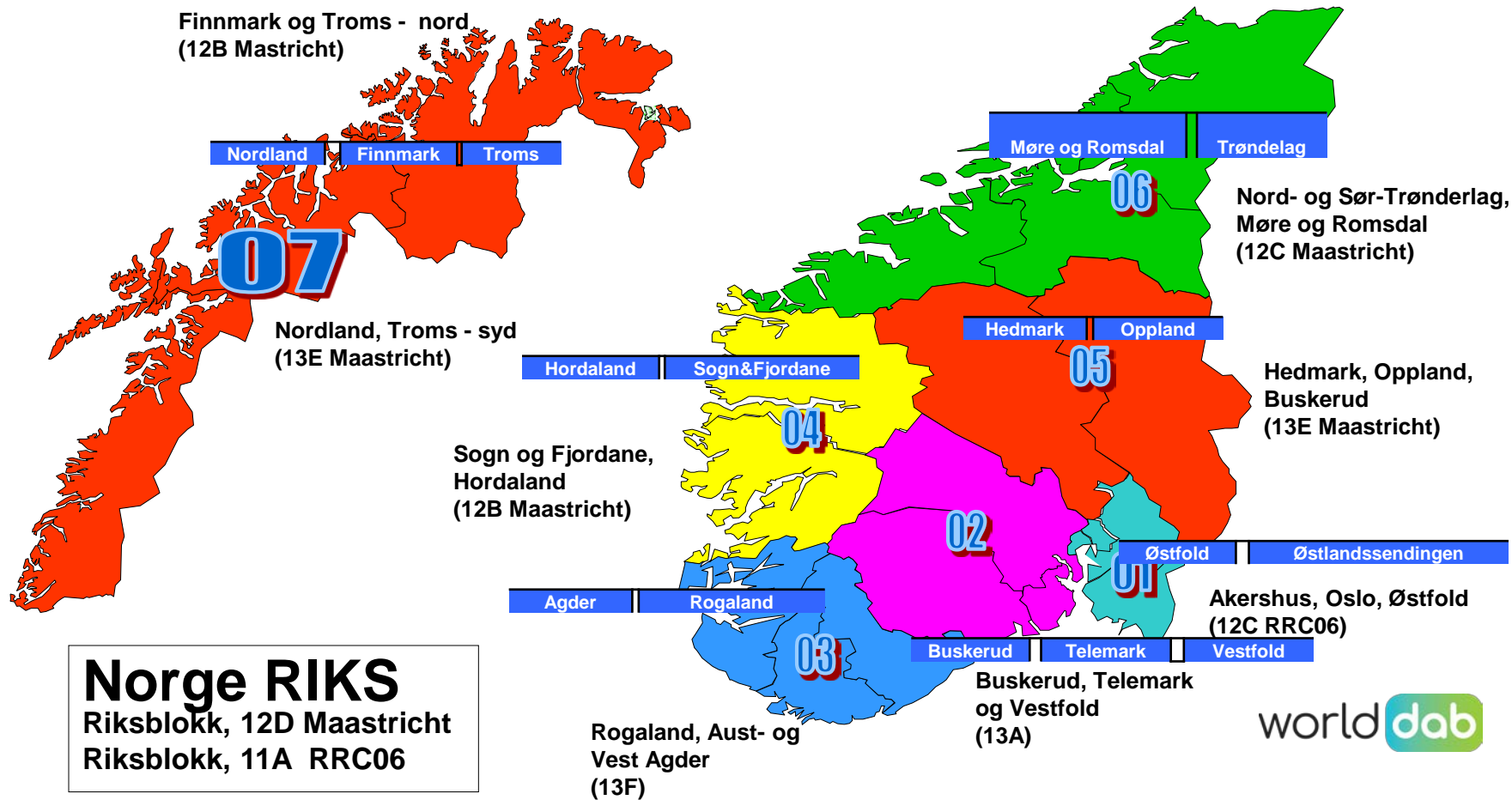


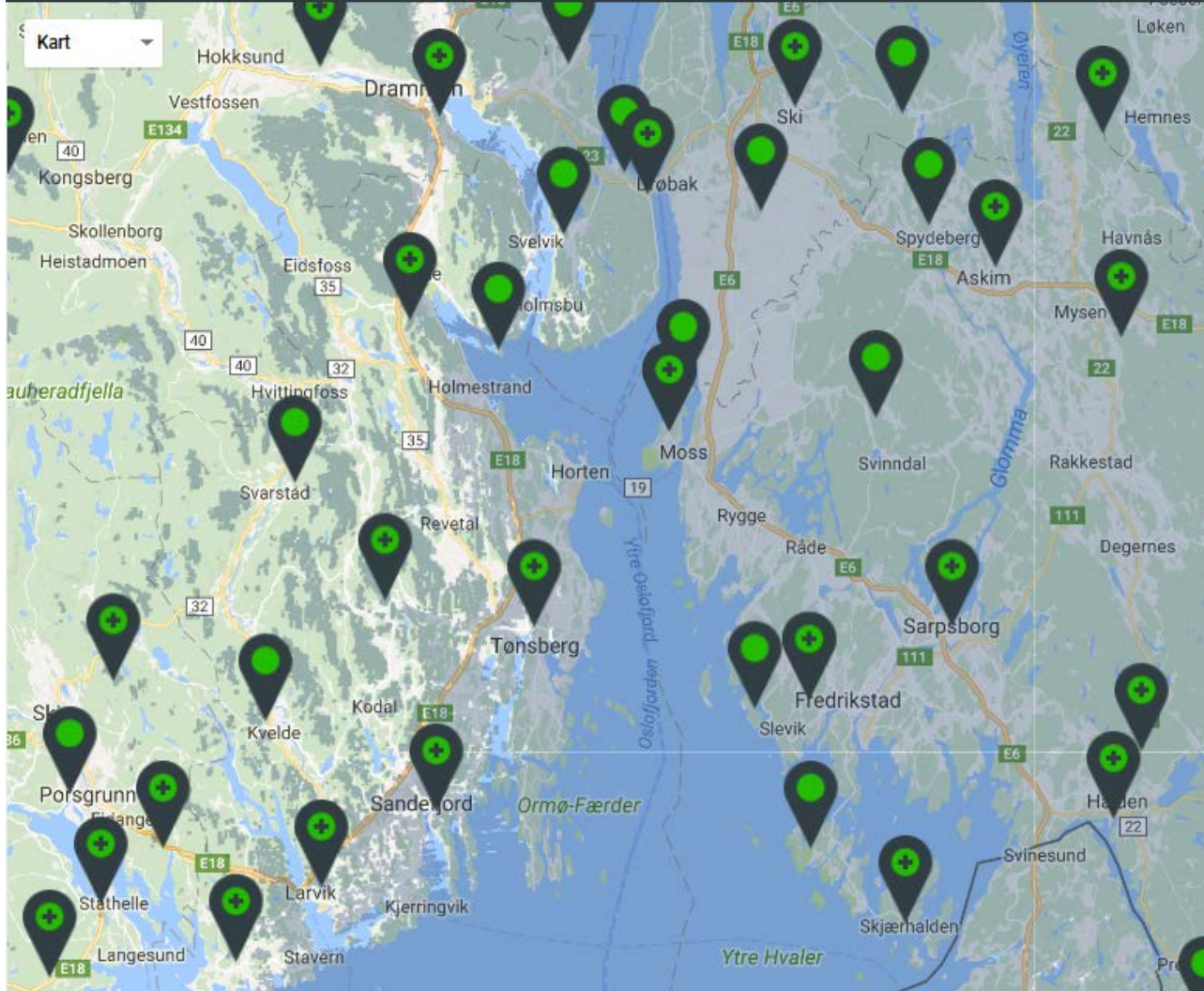
## New Microwave



# Service Following

# DAB Frekvensblokker i Norge

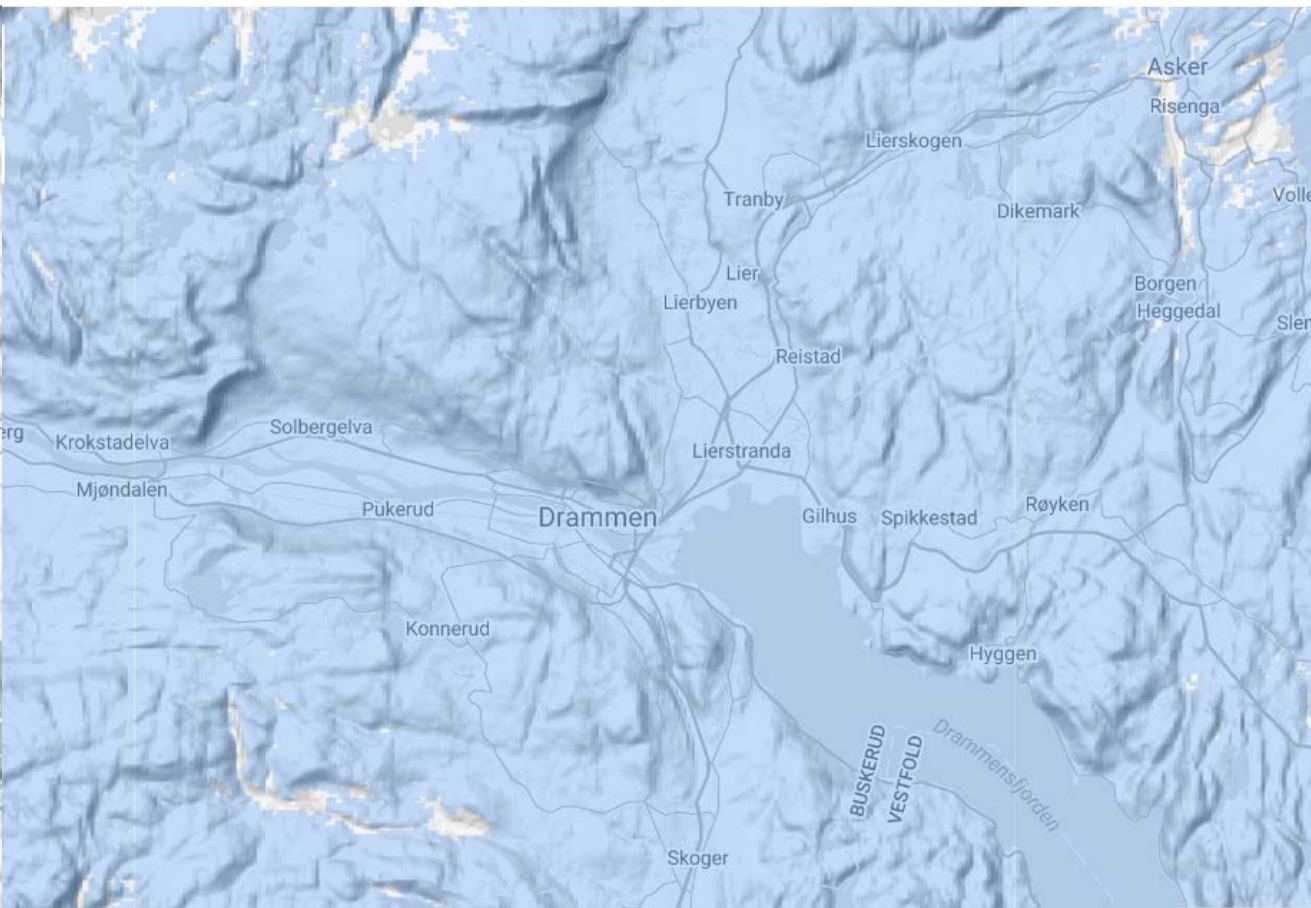




## Østfold / Vestfold

Which network are you listening to?

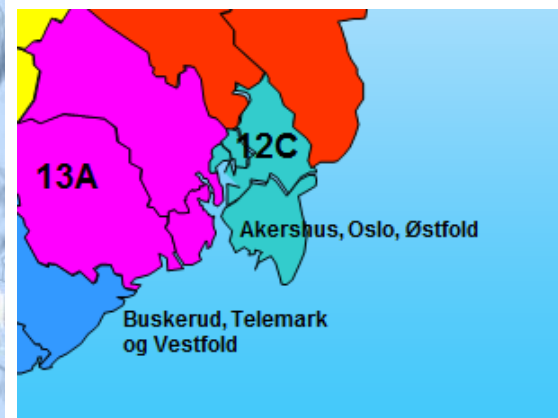
Coverage from ~~Vestfold~~ Østfold



Drammen

Coverage

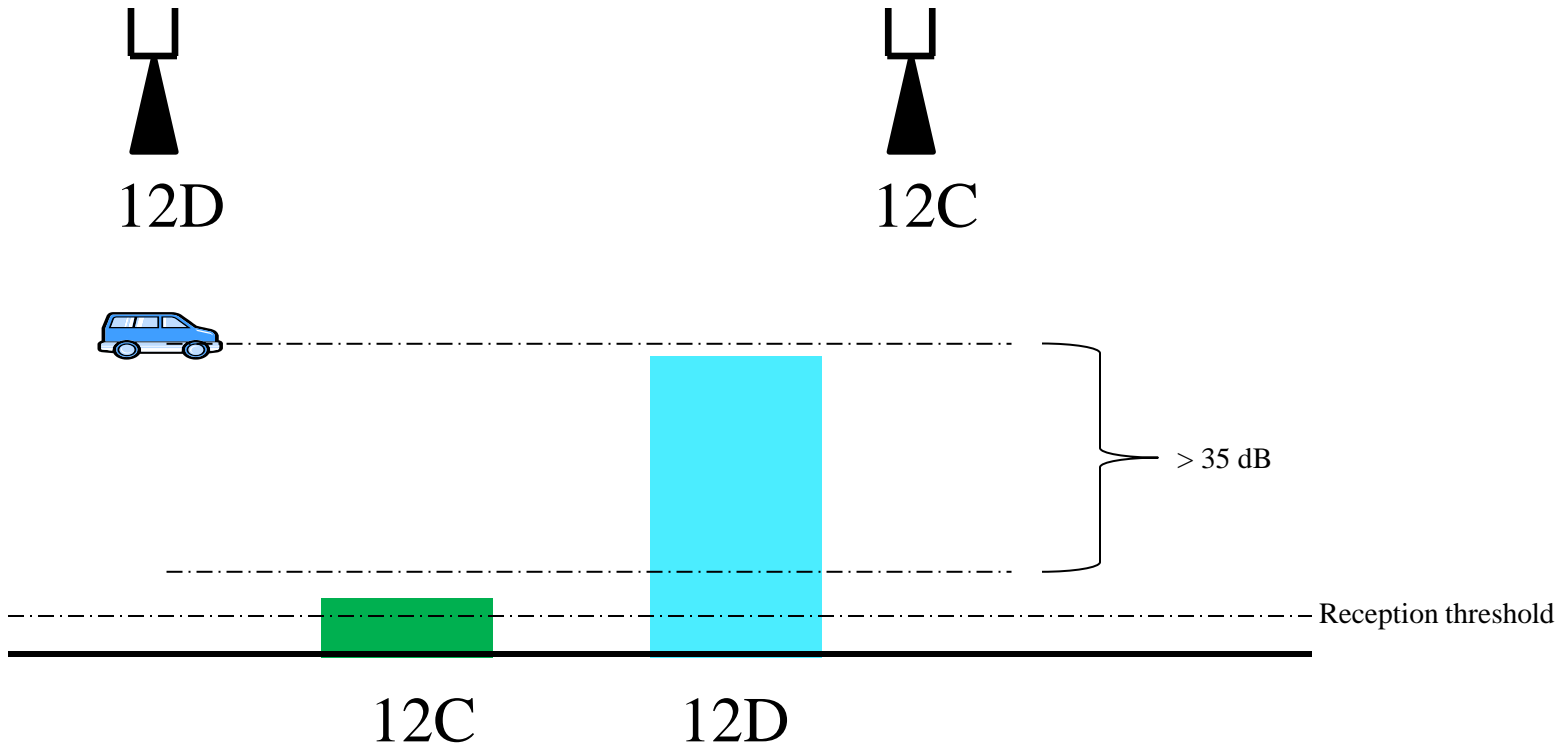
Ch «12C» with  
good receiver  
sub-optimal receiver



23/05/2019

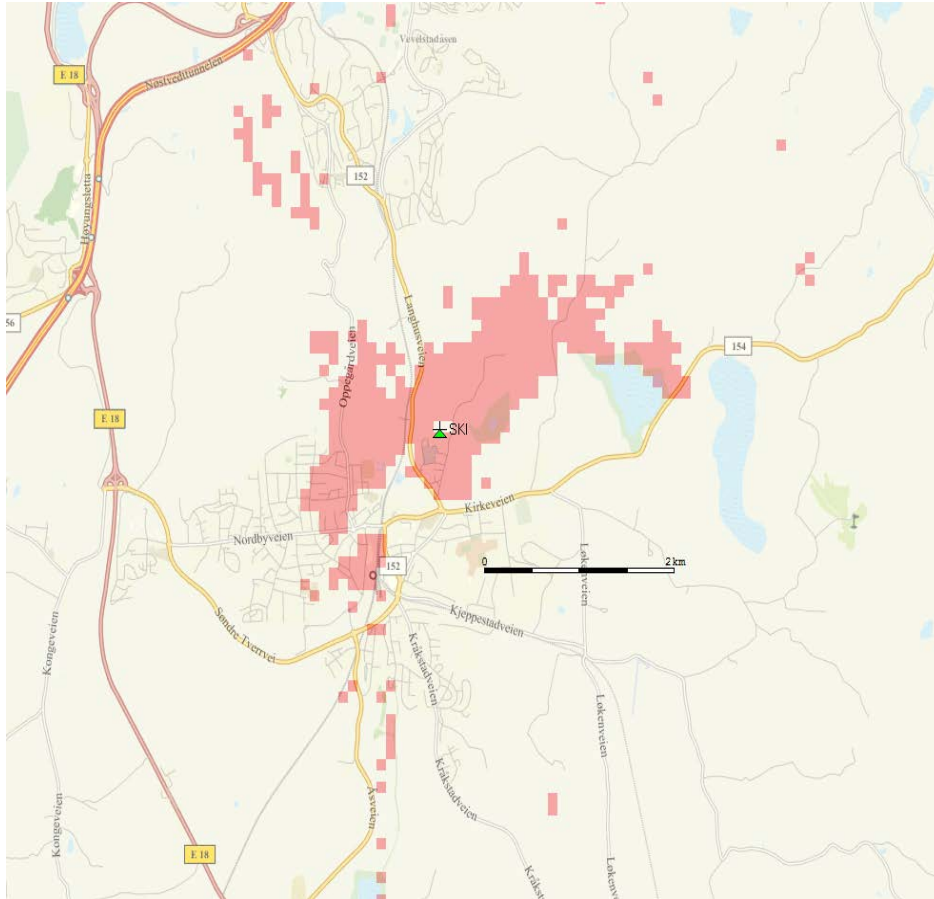
# Adjacent Channel Interference

# Adjacent Channel Interference





# Adjacent Channel Interference



# Adjacent Channel Interference

- Solutions
  - Co-location of transmitters
  - Transmitter power reduction
  - Filters with Critical Mask

# Thank you!

Jonas Jacobsson  
Director Strategy and Coverage  
Norkring AS